

Population

Total population (100% data)	40,070
Total non-institutional population ⁽¹⁾	39,770

Sex and Age Groups

	Population	% of Population
Male	19,580	49.2
Female	20,200	50.8
0-4	2,095	5.3
5-19	7,465	18.8
20-24	2,835	7.1
25-44	10,920	27.5
45-64	12,120	30.5
65-74	2,450	6.2
75+	1,870	4.7

Legal Marital Status

Total population 15 years and over by legal marital status	33,120	% of Population (15+ yrs)
Single (never legally married)	10,805	32.6
Legally Married (and not separated)	17,115	51.7
Separated (but not divorced)	845	2.6
Divorced	2,950	8.9
Widowed	1,400	4.2
Common-Law ⁽²⁾	2,430	7.3

Family Structure

	Households	% of Households
Total census families and non-family persons ⁽³⁾	17,830	
Total census families ⁽⁴⁾	11,280	63.3
Total couple families by family structure	9,695	54.4
Married couples	8,485	47.6
Without children at home	3,620	20.3
With children at home	4,865	27.3
1 child	1,670	9.4
2 children	2,310	13.0
3 or more children	885	5.0
Common-law couples ⁽²⁾	1,215	6.8
Without children at home	890	5.0
With children at home	325	1.8
1 child	200	1.1
2 children	95	0.5
3 or more children	30	0.2
Total lone-parent families by sex of parent	1,585	8.9
Female parent	1,210	6.8
1 child	695	3.9
2 children	410	2.3
3 or more children	100	0.6
Male parent	375	2.1
1 child	235	1.3
2 children	125	0.7
3 or more children	20	0.1
Non-family persons	6,550	36.7
Living with relatives	835	4.7
Living with non-relatives only	2,020	11.3
Living alone	3,695	20.7
65 years and over	1,210	6.8
Living with relatives	180	1.0
Living with non-relatives only	35	0.2
Living alone	995	5.6

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(1) With the exception of "Total Population (100% data)", all profile variables are based on the non-institutional population (weighted 20% sample data). In some instances, due to weighting, suppression and/or random rounding, it is possible for the non-institutional population to be higher than the total population (100% data).

(2) Common-law category refers to persons who live together as a couple but who are not legally married to each other. These persons can be of the opposite sex or same sex. Common-law category is not mutually exclusive from legal marital status, and may include persons who are single, separated, divorced, widowed, and/or same-sex partners.

(3) Includes private households only.

(4) Refers to a married couple (with or without children of either or both spouses), a couple living common-law (with or without children of either or both partners) or a lone parent of any marital status, (with at least one child living in the same dwelling). A couple may be of opposite or same sex. 'Children' in a census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present.

Home Language

	Population	% of Population
Single responses	39,315	98.9
English	36,840	92.6
French	235	0.6
Non-official languages	2,240	5.6
Chinese ⁽⁵⁾	620	1.6
German	75	0.2
Panjabi (Punjabi)	15	0.0
Vietnamese	65	0.2
Spanish	110	0.3
Other Languages	1,355	3.4
Multiple responses	465	1.2

Knowledge of Official Languages

English only	36,065	90.7
French only	10	0.0
Both English and French	3,515	8.8
Neither English nor French	190	0.5

Aboriginal Identity Population

Total Aboriginal population	1,165	2.9
Single Aboriginal response	1,120	2.8
North American Indian	435	1.1
Métis single response	670	1.7
Inuit single response	15	0.0
Multiple Aboriginal responses	10	0.0
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere	30	0.1
Non-Aboriginal population	38,615	97.1

Citizenship

Canadian citizenship ⁽⁶⁾	38,020	95.6
Not Canadian citizens	1,760	4.4

Place of Birth

Non-immigrant population ⁽⁷⁾	32,885	82.7
Born in Alberta	19,965	50.2
Immigrant population ⁽⁸⁾	6,665	16.8
United States	405	1.0
Central America	140	0.4
Caribbean and Bermuda	80	0.2
South America	240	0.6
Europe	3,535	8.9
Africa	390	1.0
Asia and the Middle East	1,745	4.4
Oceania and Other ⁽⁹⁾	120	0.3
Non-permanent residents ⁽¹⁰⁾	225	0.6

Immigrant Population by Period of Immigration

Total immigrant population	6,670	% of Immigrant Population
By period of immigration:		
Before 1961	1,315	19.7
1961 - 1970	900	13.5
1971 - 1980	1,250	18.7
1981 - 1990	965	14.5
1991 - 2000	1,270	19.0
2001 - 2006 ⁽¹¹⁾	960	14.4

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(5) Includes the single response of Cantonese, Mandarin, Chinese, n.o.s.

(6) Includes Canadian citizenship by birth and naturalization.

(7) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth. Most Canadian citizens by birth were born in Canada, a small number were born outside Canada to Canadian parents.

(8) Includes persons born in Canada who do not have Canadian citizenship by birth, but who have a valid year of immigration.

(9) 'Other' includes Greenland, Saint Pierre and Miquelon, the category 'Other country,' as well as immigrants born in Canada.

(10) Persons from another country who, at the time of the census, held a Work or Study Permit or who were refugee claimants, as well as family members living with them in Canada.

(11) Includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to Census Day, May 16, 2006.

Mobility Status

	Population	% of Population
Total population, Mobility status 1 year ago ⁽¹²⁾	39,415	Aged 1 Year & Over
By mobility status 1 year ago:		
Non-movers	32,990	83.7
Movers	6,420	16.3
Non-migrants	4,580	11.6
Migrants	1,845	4.7
Internal migrants	1,400	3.6
Intraprovincial migrants	575	1.5
Interprovincial migrants	825	2.1
External migrants	440	1.1
Total population, Mobility status 5 years ago ⁽¹²⁾	37,680	% of Population
By mobility status 5 years ago:		Aged 5 Years & Over
Non-movers	22,070	58.6
Movers	15,610	41.4
Non-migrants	10,575	28.1
Migrants	5,035	13.4
Internal migrants	3,850	10.2
Intraprovincial migrants	1,375	3.6
Interprovincial migrants	2,475	6.6
External migrants	1,185	3.1

Dwelling Type

	Dwellings	% of Occupied
Total occupied private dwellings	15,655	Private Dwellings
By structural type of dwelling:		
Single-detached house	10,320	65.9
Semi-detached house	1,150	7.3
Row house	1,130	7.2
Apartment or flat in a duplex	595	3.8
Apartment, building that has five or more storeys	175	1.1
Apartment, building that has fewer than five storeys	1,830	11.7
Other single-attached house	0	0.0
Movable dwelling	455	2.9

Dwelling Tenure & Characteristics

Tenure:		
Owned	11,880	75.9
Rented	3,770	24.1
Band Housing	0	0.0
Average number of rooms per dwelling	7.4	--
Average number of bedrooms per dwelling	3.1	--
Average value of dwelling (\$)	381,277	--

Dwellings by Need of Repair

Regular maintenance only	10,180	65.0
Minor repairs	4,430	28.3
Major repairs	1,045	6.7

Dwellings by Period of Construction

Before 1946	410	2.6
1946 - 1960	3,715	23.7
1961 - 1970	1,710	10.9
1971 - 1980	4,330	27.7
1981 - 1985	1,175	7.5
1986 - 1990	955	6.1
1991 - 1995	1,150	7.3
1996 - 2000	1,185	7.6
2001 - 2006 ⁽¹³⁾	1,025	6.5

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.
(12) Excludes Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada.
(13) Includes data up to May 16, 2006.

Dwelling Costs by Tenure

	Dwellings (unless otherwise noted)	
Total non-farm, non-reserve occupied private dwellings	15,655	--
Tenant-occupied non-farm, non-reserve dwellings	3,770	--
Average gross rent (\$)	\$829	--
30% or more of household income spent on shelter costs ⁽¹⁴⁾	1,565	--
Tenant one-family households in non-farm, non-reserve dwellings ⁽¹⁵⁾	1,715	--
Average gross rent (\$)	\$907	--
30% or more of household income spent on shelter costs ⁽¹⁴⁾	650	--
Owner-occupied non-farm, non-reserve dwellings	11,880	--
Average owner major payment (\$)	\$1,066	--
30% or more of household income spent on shelter costs ⁽¹⁴⁾	1,835	--
Owner one-family households in non-farm, non-reserve dwellings ⁽¹⁵⁾	8,450	--
Average owner major payment (\$)	\$1,106	--
30% or more of household income spent on shelter costs ⁽¹⁴⁾	975	--

Ethnic Origin⁽¹⁶⁾

	Population ⁽¹⁷⁾	% of Population
British Isles origins ⁽¹⁸⁾	23,275	58.5
English	13,535	34.0
Irish	7,995	20.1
Scottish	10,035	25.2
Welsh	1,260	3.2
French ⁽¹⁹⁾	9,410	23.7
Aboriginal origins ⁽²⁰⁾	3,300	8.3
Other North American origins	8,415	21.2
American	785	2.0
Canadian	7,805	19.6
European origins	19,635	49.4
Western European origins	10,350	26.0
Dutch (Netherlands)	2,170	5.5
German	7,925	19.9
Northern European origins	3,265	8.2
Scandinavian origins	3,050	7.7
Danish	810	2.0
Norwegian	1,365	3.4
Swedish	915	2.3
Eastern European origins	7,555	19.0
Polish	2,085	5.2
Russian	1,455	3.7
Ukrainian	3,350	8.4
Southern European origins	2,785	7.0
Italian	1,425	3.6
South Asian origins	785	2.0
East Indian	630	1.6
East and Southeast Asian origins	2,315	5.8
Chinese	1,535	3.9
Filipino	265	0.7
Other Origin ⁽²¹⁾	11,510	28.9

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(14) Includes private households in occupied non-farm, non-reserve dwellings with household income greater than \$0 in 2005 (i.e., excludes negative or zero household income).

(15) Without additional persons.

(16) Ethnic Origin responses selected to be shown, were chosen based upon groups with population reported higher than the Alberta average-minus 5 per cent.

(17) The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one ethnic origin in the census.

(18) Includes the single responses of 'British Isles origins' and 'British Isles, n.i.e.'

(19) Includes the single responses of 'French' and 'French origins'

(20) Includes the single responses of Inuit, Metis, and North American Indian.

(21) 'Other Origin' includes all other responses not included above.

Highest Level of Schooling

Total population 25+ years	33,775	% of Population 25+ years
By highest level of schooling:⁽²²⁾		
No certificate, diploma or degree	4,925	14.6
Certificate, diploma or degree	28,850	85.4
High school certificate or equivalent	8,880	26.3
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	4,940	14.6
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	8,695	25.7
University certificate, diploma or degree	6,330	18.7
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	1,490	4.4
University certificate or degree	4,835	14.3
Bachelor's degree	3,735	11.1
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	345	1.0
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	85	0.3
Master's degree	585	1.7
Earned doctorate	85	0.3

Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study⁽²³⁾

Total population 25-64 years	23,045	% of Population 25-64 years
Total population 25 to 64 years with postsecondary qualifications	16,195	70.3
Education	1,385	6.0
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies	505	2.2
Humanities	735	3.2
Social and behavioural sciences and law	1,700	7.4
Business, management and public administration	3,225	14.0
Physical and life sciences and technologies	910	3.9
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	820	3.6
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	3,665	15.9
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	315	1.4
Health, parks, recreation and fitness	2,265	9.8
Personal, protective and transportation services	665	2.9
Other fields of study	0	0.0

Labour Force Activity

	Population		Rate (%)
Total Population - 15 years and over	33,120		
Participating in labour force	24,160	Participation rate (%)	72.9
Employed	23,015	Employment rate (%)	69.5
Unemployed	1,145	Unemployment rate (%)	4.7
Not in labour force	8,960		
Males - 15 years and over	16,250		
Participating in labour force	12,800	Participation rate (%)	78.8
Employed	12,155	Employment rate (%)	74.8
Unemployed	645	Unemployment rate (%)	5.0
Not in labour force	3,445		
Females - 15 years and over	16,870		
Participating in labour force	11,355	Participation rate (%)	67.3
Employed	10,855	Employment rate (%)	64.3
Unemployed	500	Unemployment rate (%)	4.4
Not in labour force	5,510		

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(22) Highest certificate, diploma or degree' refers to the highest certificate, diploma or degree completed based on a hierarchy which is generally related to the amount of time spent 'in-class.' For postsecondary completers, a university education is considered to be a higher level of schooling than a college education, while a college education is considered to be a higher level of education than in the trades. Although some trades requirements may take as long or longer to complete than a given college or university program, the majority of time is spent in on-the-job paid training and less time is spent in the classroom.

(23) 'Field of study' is defined as the main discipline or subject of learning. It is collected for the highest certificate, diploma or degree above the high school or secondary school level.

Labour Force by Sex and Place of Work

	Population	% of Employed Labour Force
Total employed labour force 15 years and over	23,015	
Males in employed labour force	12,155	52.8
Usual place of work:		
Outside home, within Canada	8,880	38.6
In census subdivision of residence	8,520	37.0
In different census subdivision	360	1.6
In same census division	225	1.0
At home	790	3.4
Outside Canada	65	0.3
No usual place of work (no fixed workplace address)	2,425	10.5
Females in employed labour force	10,860	47.2
Usual place of work:		
Outside home, within Canada	8,940	38.8
In census subdivision of residence	8,695	37.8
In different census subdivision	250	1.1
In same census division	175	0.8
At home	1,020	4.4
Outside Canada	40	0.2
No usual place of work (no fixed workplace address)	850	3.7

Labour Force by Mode of Transportation

	Population	% of Employed, Travelling Labour Force
Employed, travelling labour force 15 years and over⁽²⁴⁾	21,100	
Mode of Transportation:		
Car, truck, van (as driver)	14,500	68.7
Car, truck, van (as passenger)	1,715	8.1
Public transit	3,510	16.6
Walked	655	3.1
Bicycle	475	2.3
Motorcycle	30	0.1
Taxicab	45	0.2
Other method	155	0.7

Labour Force by Industry

	Population	% of Experienced Labour Force
Total experienced labour force 15 years and over⁽²⁵⁾	23,945	
Industries:		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	135	0.6
Mining and oil and gas extraction	1,705	7.1
Utilities	235	1.0
Construction	2,120	8.9
Manufacturing	1,100	4.6
Wholesale trade	815	3.4
Retail trade	2,505	10.5
Transportation and warehousing	1,085	4.5
Information and cultural industries	620	2.6
Finance and insurance	750	3.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	510	2.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	2,840	11.9
Management of companies and enterprises	80	0.3
Administrative/support, waste management and remediation services	1,030	4.3
Educational services	2,105	8.8
Healthcare and social assistance	2,375	9.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	590	2.5
Accommodation and food services	1,330	5.6
Other services (except public administration)	1,055	4.4
Public administration	950	4.0

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(24) Excludes those who work at home or outside of Canada.

(25) The experienced labour force population: includes persons who were employed and persons who were unemployed who worked for pay or in self-employment since January 1, 2005.

Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups

	Population	% of Experienced Labour Force
Total experienced labour force 15 years and over ⁽²⁶⁾	23,945	
Males - All occupations	12,720	53.1
Management occupations	1,715	7.2
Business, finance and administration occupations	1,225	5.1
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	2,145	9.0
Health occupations	265	1.1
Occupations in social science, education, government and religion	790	3.3
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	355	1.5
Sales and service occupations	2,245	9.4
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	3,210	13.4
Occupations unique to primary industry	445	1.9
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	315	1.3
Females - All occupations	11,220	46.9
Management occupations	800	3.3
Business, finance and administration occupations	3,275	13.7
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	575	2.4
Health occupations	1,160	4.8
Occupations in social science, education, government and religion	1,445	6.0
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	475	2.0
Sales and service occupations	2,945	12.3
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	290	1.2
Occupations unique to primary industry	160	0.7
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	90	0.4

Labour Force by Sex and Class of Worker

Males - All classes of workers	12,800	53.5
Paid-workers	11,835	49.4
Employees	10,775	45.0
Self-employed (incorporated)	1,060	4.4
Self-employed (unincorporated)	880	3.7
Unpaid family workers	0	0.0
Females - All classes of workers	11,360	47.4
Paid-workers	10,545	44.0
Employees	10,005	41.8
Self-employed (incorporated)	540	2.3
Self-employed (unincorporated)	650	2.7
Unpaid family workers	20	0.1

Employment Income (2005) by Sex and Work Activity

	Population (unless otherwise noted)	
Total Employed - 15 years and over:		
Average full-time employment income (\$)	\$70,688	--
Average part-time employment income (\$)	\$29,064	--
Males Employed - 15 years and over:		
Worked full year, full time ⁽²⁷⁾	7,775	--
Average full-time employment income (\$)	\$82,305	--
Worked part year or part time ⁽²⁸⁾	4,815	--
Average part-time employment income (\$)	\$40,703	--
Females Employed - 15 Years and over:		
Worked full year, full time ⁽²⁷⁾	5,055	--
Average full-time employment income (\$)	\$52,815	--
Worked part year or part time ⁽²⁸⁾	6,585	--
Average part-time employment income (\$)	\$20,554	--

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(26) The experienced labour force population: includes persons who were employed and persons who were unemployed who worked for pay or in self-employment since January 1, 2005.

(27) Worked 49 to 52 weeks in 2005, mostly full time.

(28) Worked less than 49 weeks or worked mostly part time in 2005.

Total Income (2005) by Sex

		% of Population with Income
Total population 15 years and over with income	31,720	
Males 15 years and over with income	15,640	49.3
Under \$20,000 ⁽²⁹⁾	4,345	13.7
Under \$5,000 ⁽²⁹⁾	1,285	4.1
\$5,000 - \$9,999	825	2.6
\$10,000 - \$14,999	1,045	3.3
\$15,000 - \$19,999	1,190	3.8
\$20,000 - \$39,999	3,590	11.3
\$20,000 - \$29,999	1,840	5.8
\$30,000 - \$39,999	1,750	5.5
\$40,000 - \$59,999	2,665	8.4
\$40,000 - \$49,999	1,390	4.4
\$50,000 - \$59,999	1,275	4.0
\$60,000 and over	5,030	15.9
Average total income (\$) ⁽³⁰⁾	\$64,015	--
Median total income (\$) ⁽³⁰⁾	\$39,248	--
Females 15 years and over with income	16,080	50.7
Under \$20,000 ⁽²⁹⁾	7,060	22.3
Under \$5,000 ⁽²⁹⁾	1,885	5.9
\$5,000 - \$9,999	1,830	5.8
\$10,000 - \$14,999	1,715	5.4
\$15,000 - \$19,999	1,630	5.1
\$20,000 - \$39,999	4,240	13.4
\$20,000 - \$29,999	2,365	7.5
\$30,000 - \$39,999	1,875	5.9
\$40,000 - \$59,999	2,345	7.4
\$40,000 - \$49,999	1,385	4.4
\$50,000 - \$59,999	960	3.0
\$60,000 and over	2,430	7.7
Average total income (\$) ⁽³⁰⁾	\$34,088	--
Median total income (\$) ⁽³⁰⁾	\$23,553	--

Household Income (2005)

	Households (unless otherwise noted)	% of Private Households
Total private households	15,655	
Household Income: ⁽³¹⁾		
Under \$20,000	1,455	9.3
Under \$10,000	470	3.0
\$10,000 - \$19,999	985	6.3
\$20,000 - \$39,999	2,620	16.7
\$20,000 - \$29,999	1,230	7.9
\$30,000 - \$39,999	1,390	8.9
\$40,000 - \$59,999	2,675	17.1
\$40,000 - \$49,999	1,500	9.6
\$50,000 - \$59,999	1,175	7.5
\$60,000 - \$79,999	2,195	14.0
\$60,000 - \$69,999	1,160	7.4
\$70,000 - \$79,999	1,035	6.6
\$80,000 - \$99,999	1,615	10.3
\$80,000 - \$89,999	860	5.5
\$90,000 - \$99,999	755	4.8
\$100,000 and over	5,100	32.6
Average household income (\$) ⁽³⁰⁾	\$98,904	--
Median household income (\$) ⁽³⁰⁾	\$69,221	--

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(29) Includes loss.

(30) Average and median total incomes of individuals are calculated for those who are at least 15 years of age and who have an income (positive or negative).

(31) Household total income - The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household.

Economic Family Income (2005)

	Families/Population (unless otherwise noted)	% of Census Families
Total economic families⁽³²⁾	11,320	
Family income:⁽³³⁾		
Under \$20,000	380	3.4
Under \$10,000	175	1.5
\$10,000 - \$19,999	205	1.8
\$20,000 - \$39,999	1,465	12.9
\$20,000 - \$29,999	605	5.3
\$30,000 - \$39,999	860	7.6
\$40,000 - \$59,999	1,805	15.9
\$40,000 - \$49,999	1,000	8.8
\$50,000 - \$59,999	805	7.1
\$60,000 - \$79,999	1,680	14.8
\$60,000 - \$69,999	870	7.7
\$70,000 - \$79,999	810	7.2
\$80,000 - \$99,999	1,290	11.4
\$80,000 - \$89,999	665	5.9
\$90,000 - \$99,999	625	5.5
\$100,000 and over	4,695	41.5
Average family income (\$)	\$116,665	--
Median family income (\$)	\$85,119	--
Couple families:⁽³⁴⁾		
Average family income (\$)	\$125,519	--
Median family income (\$)	\$92,858	--
Male lone-parent families:⁽⁴⁰⁾		
Average family income (\$)	\$105,350	--
Median family income (\$)	\$63,627	--
Female lone-parent families:⁽³⁵⁾		
Average family income (\$)	\$54,382	--
Median family income (\$)	\$43,004	--

Incidence of Low Income (2005)

Total economic families	11,320	--
Prevalence of low income before tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁶⁾	8.9	--
Prevalence of low income after tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁷⁾	5.8	--
Couple economic families	9,525	--
Prevalence of low income before tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁶⁾	5.9	--
Prevalence of low income after tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁷⁾	4.0	--
Male lone-parent economic families	350	--
Prevalence of low income before tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁶⁾	10.0	--
Prevalence of low income after tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁷⁾	8.6	--
Female lone-parent economic families	1,180	--
Prevalence of low income before tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁶⁾	30.5	--
Prevalence of low income after tax in 2005 (%) ⁽³⁷⁾	19.0	--

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

(32) Economic family - Refers to a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common-law or adoption.

(33) Economic family total income - The total income of an economic family is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

(34) Couple families are those in which a member of either a married or common-law couple is the economic family reference person.

(35) Lone-parent families are those in which either a male or female lone parent is the economic family reference person.

(36) Low income has been defined as spending 20 percentage points more than average on food, shelter and clothing. See "Appendix II - Definitions" for a detailed description of the Low Income Cut-offs (LICO) concept.

(37) Incidence rates are calculated from rounded estimates.